

# **A Modeling Study of Electrical Characteristics of Anisotropic Conductive Film Adhesives**

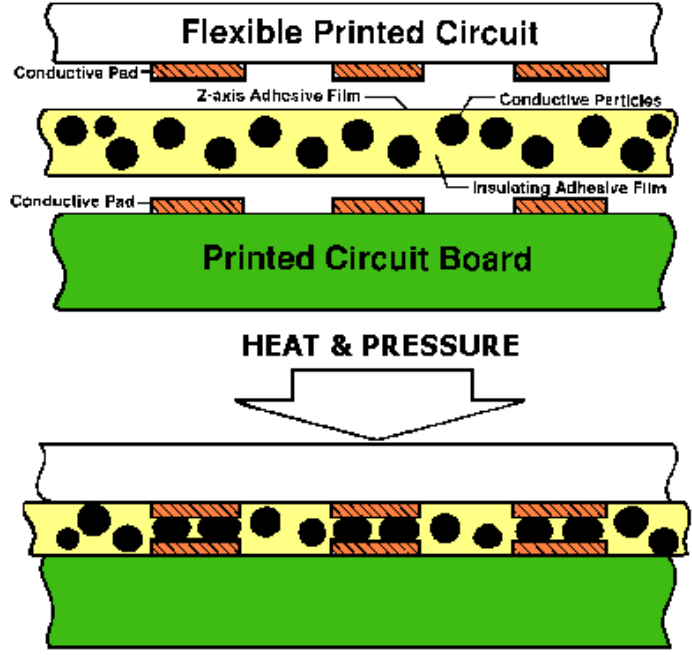
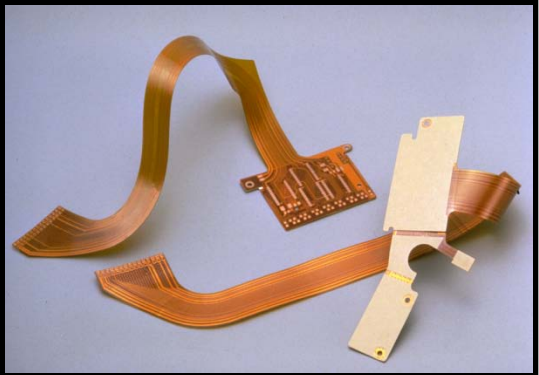
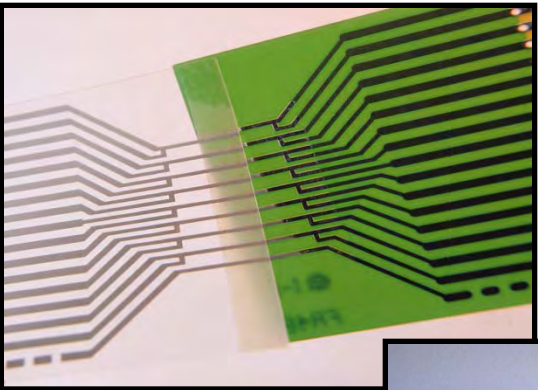
Ranjith Divigalpitiya  
3M Canada Company  
London. Ontario. Canada

COMSOL Conference, Boston. October 9-11, 2008

# Outline

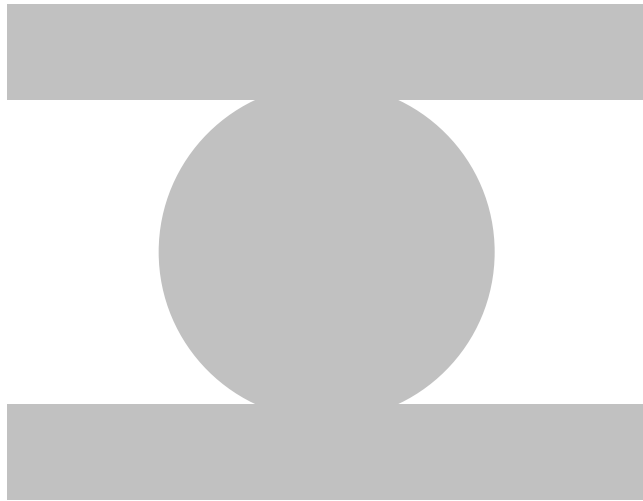
- Introduction to ACFs
- Contact resistance
- Pristine contact
- Contaminated contact
- Comparison with theory
- Conclusions

# Anisotropic Conductive Film Adhesives (ACF)

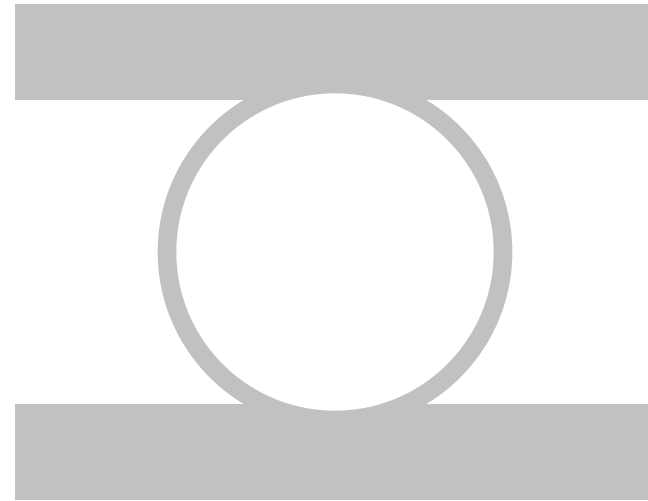


- Mechanical joining
- Electrical connection

# Types of conductive particles



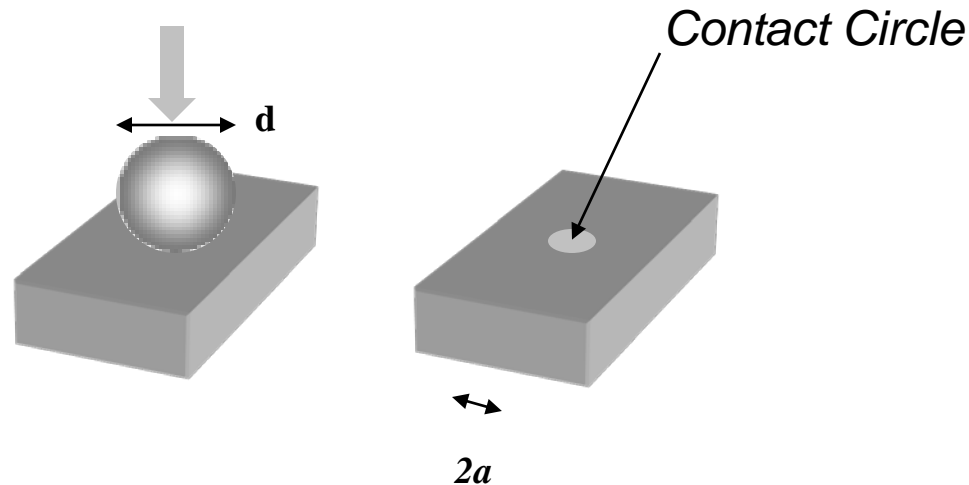
Solid metallic particle



Metal coated insulative particle

Au, Ag, Ni, etc.,

# Contact resistance



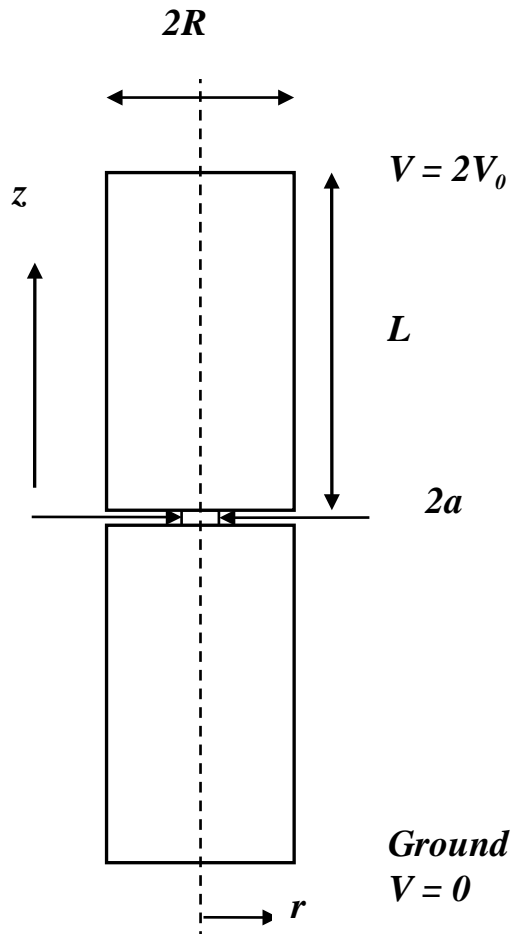
- Resistance is determined by the diameter of contact,  $2a$

Contact resistance = "Constriction resistance"

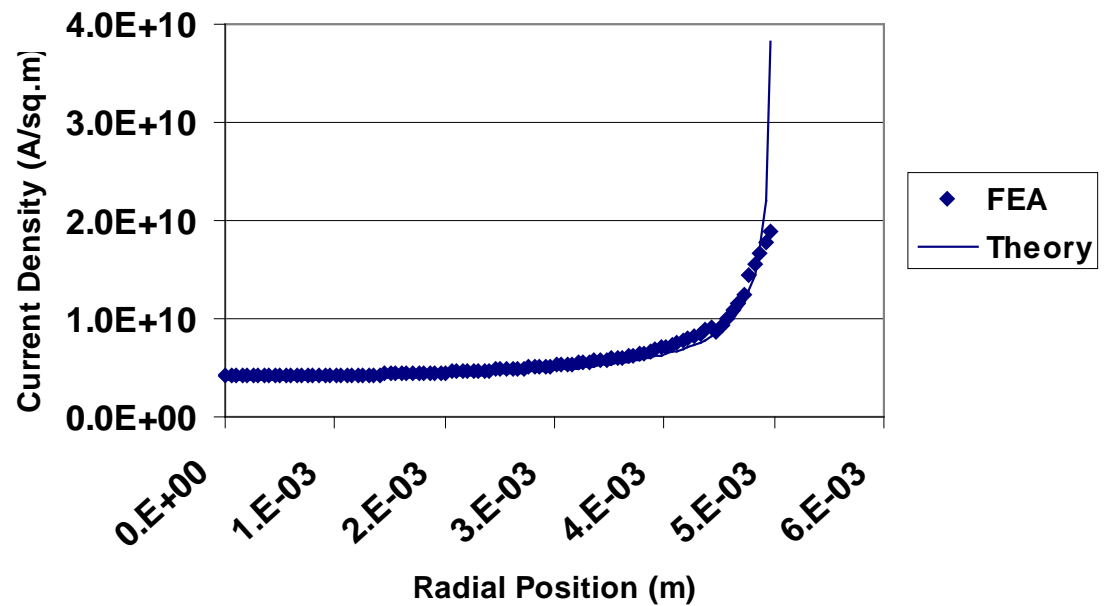
$$R_c = \rho / 2a$$

- Only macroscopic
- FEA can reveal microscopic details

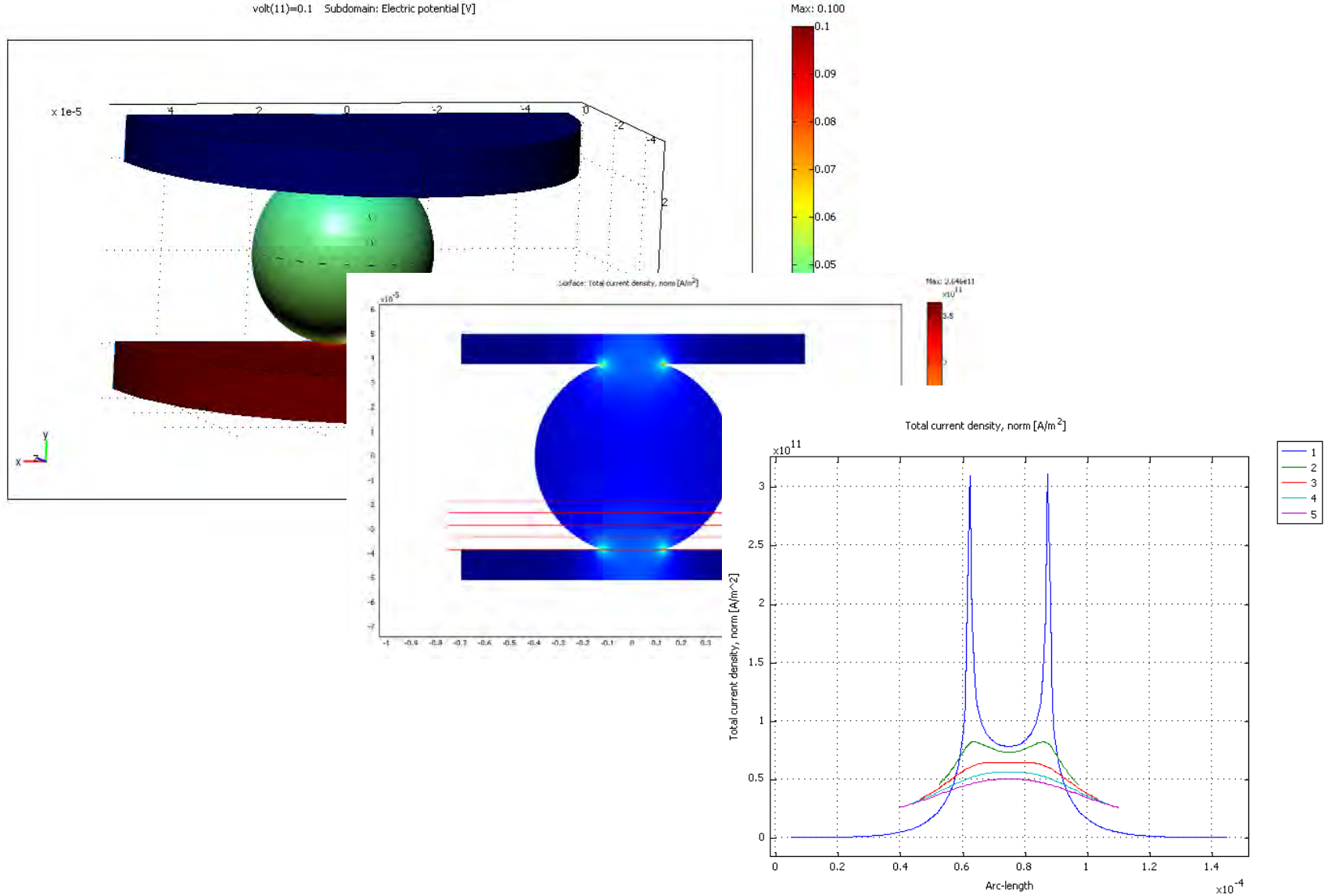
# Cylindrical Constriction



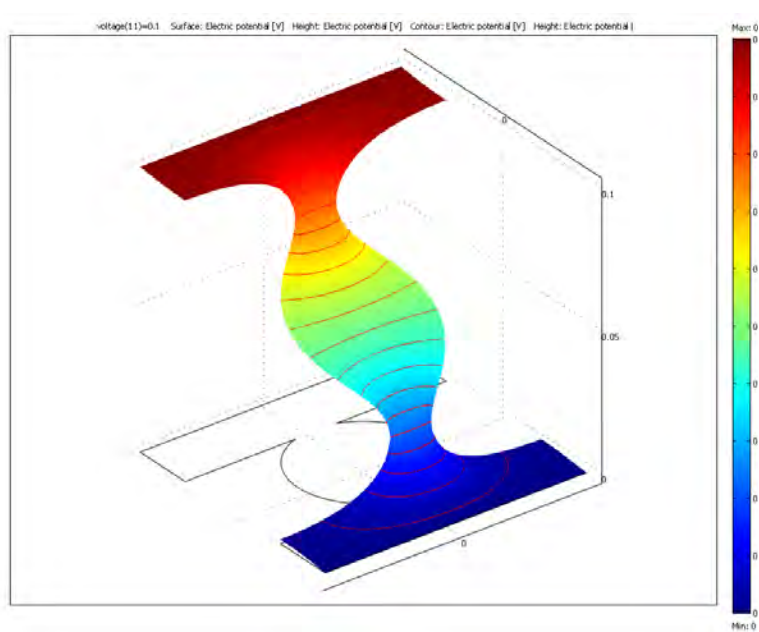
$$\nabla^2 V = 0 \quad \rightarrow \quad J(r,0) = \frac{2V_0}{\pi\rho} \frac{1}{\sqrt{(a^2 - r^2)}}$$



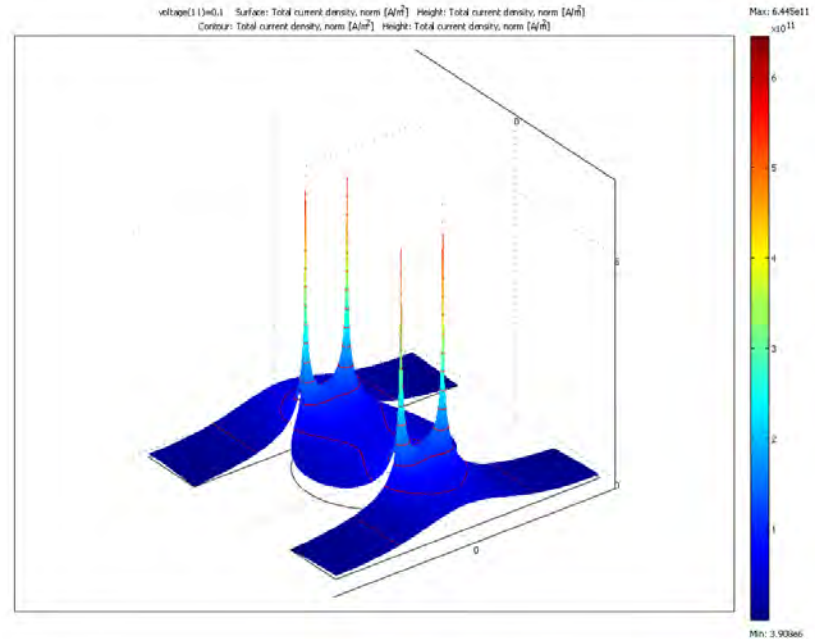
# Current distribution at contact of ACF



# Electrical behavior: Solid Particle



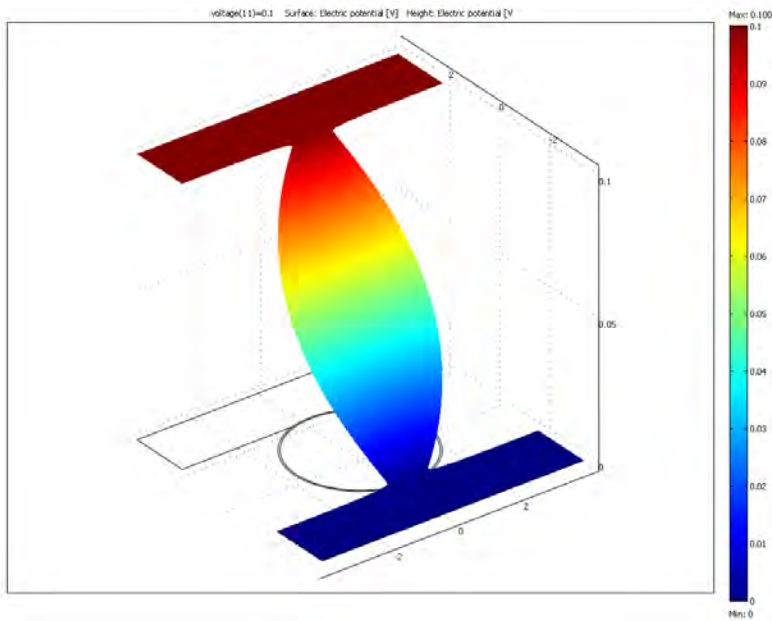
*Potential difference (V)*



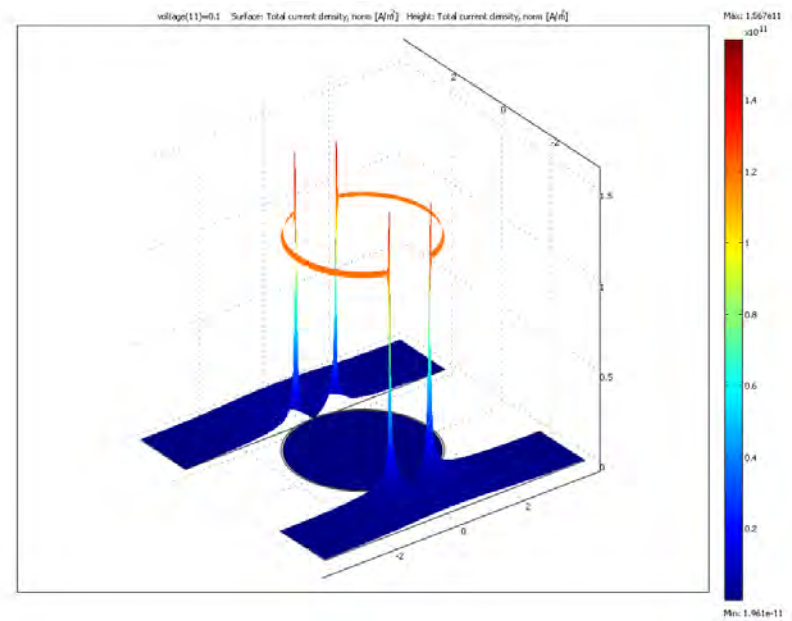
*Current density ( $A/m^2$ )*



# Electrical behavior: Coated Particle

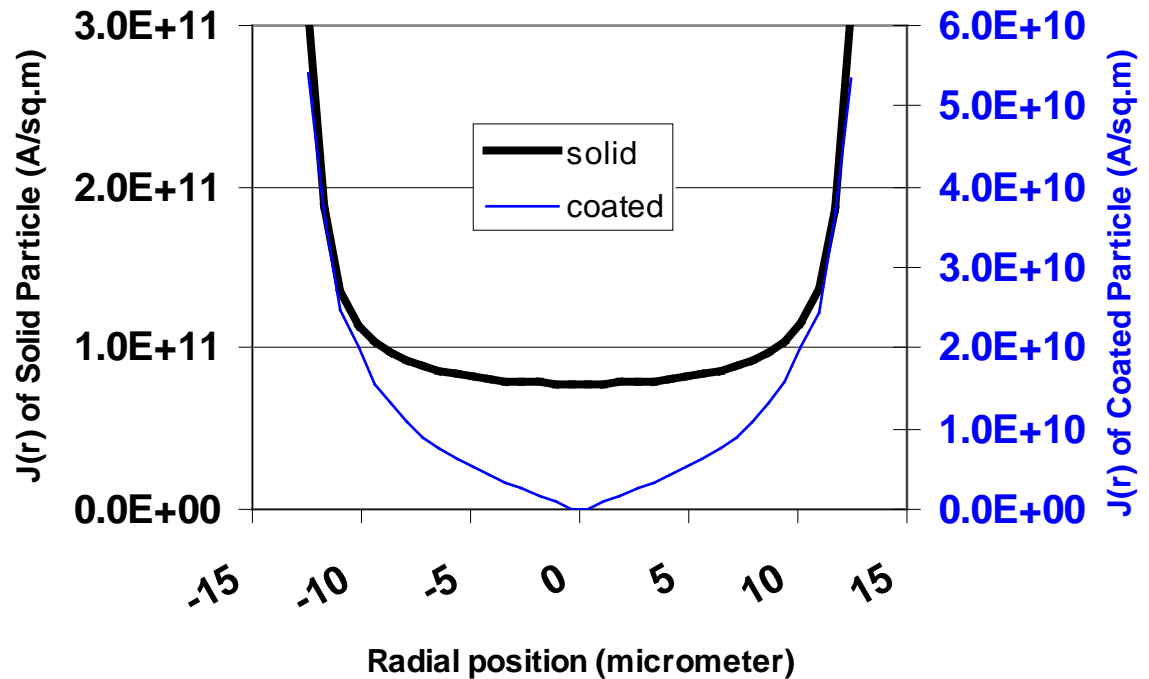
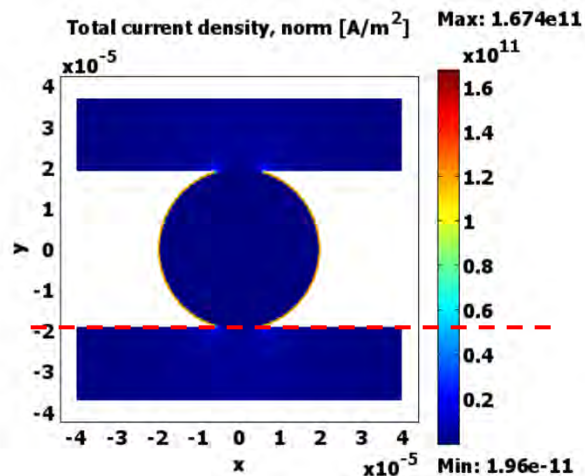
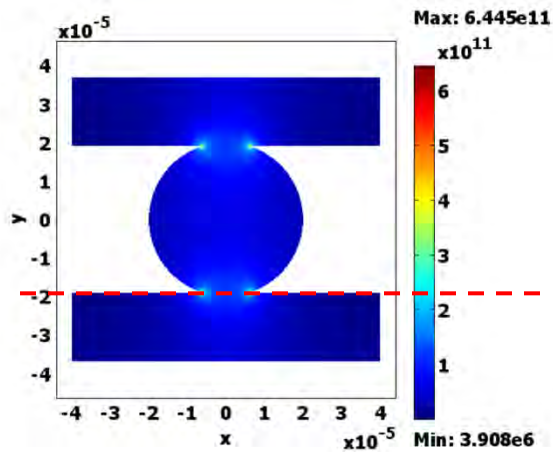


*Potential difference (V)*

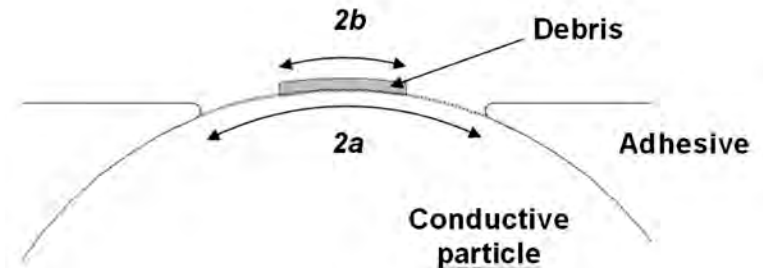
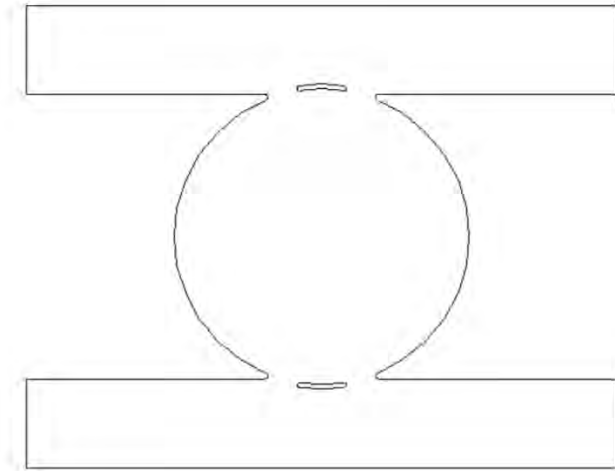


*Current density (A/m<sup>2</sup>)*

# Current density at contact



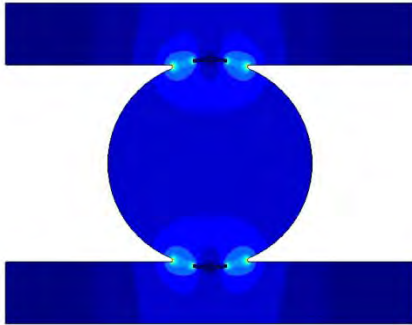
# Contaminated Contact



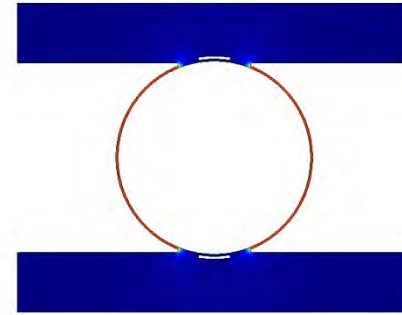
- Conductive media DC
- Vary coverage  $C = (b/a)^2$  by varying  $b$
- Parametric calculation: vary potential  $V$  to obtain current density  $J(V)$
- Integrate  $J$  to get  $I$  vs.  $V$  and determine  $R$
- $R$  as a function of coverage  $C$  for both types of particles

# Current Density

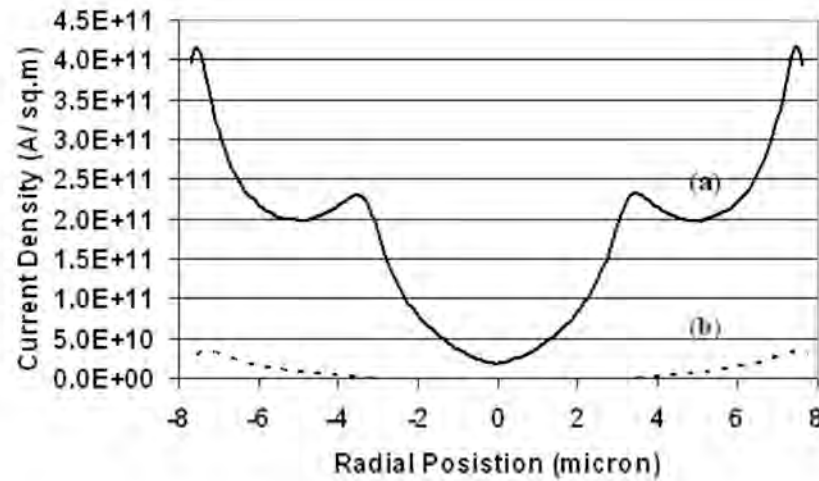
$$C = 0.4$$



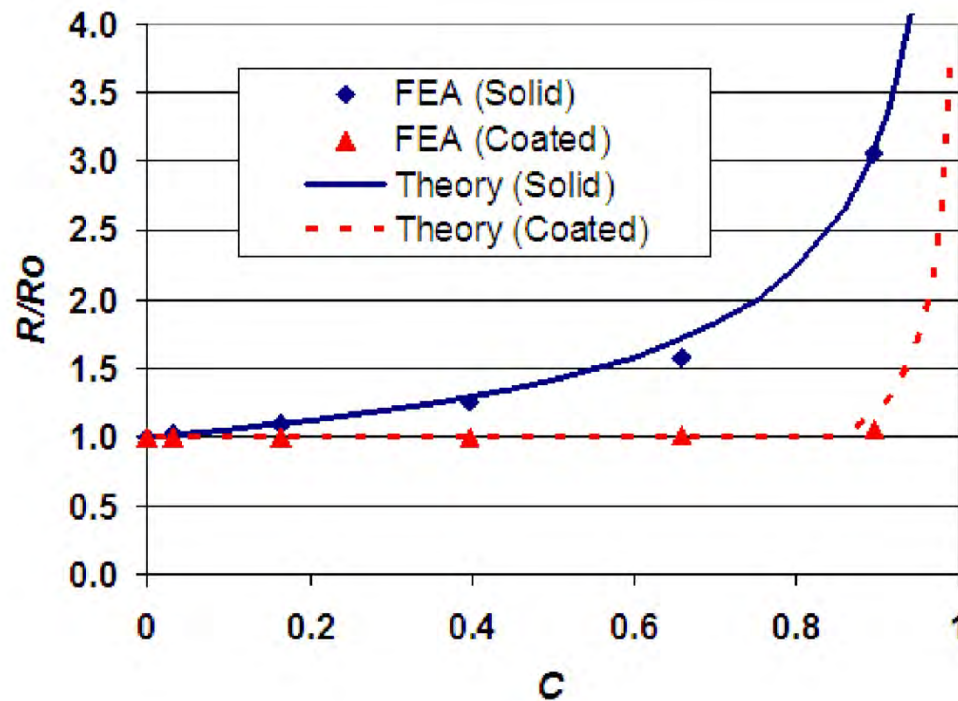
(a) SOLID METALLIC



(b) METAL COATED



# COMSOL vs. Theory

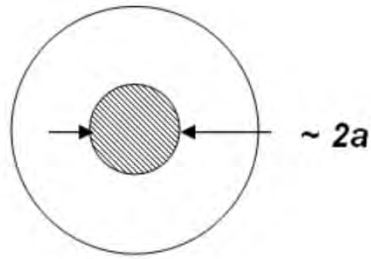


SOLID METALIC

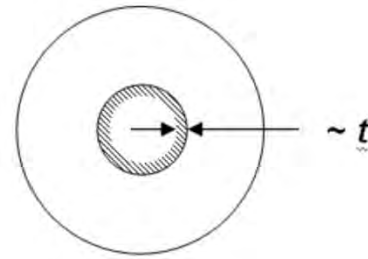
METAL COATED

R. Divigalpitiya, *IEEE Trans. Compon. Packag. Technol.*, vol.31, no.1, pp.222-228, March 2008

# Geometrical Arguments



**Solid Particle**



**Coated Particle**

$$R_{SO} = \rho / a$$

$$R_{SC}/R_{SO} = 1/\sqrt{(1 - C)}$$

$$R_{SC}/R_{SO} = 1$$

$$R_{SC}/R_{SO} = k/\sqrt{(1 - C)}$$

$$k = \sqrt{(2t/a - (t/a)^2)}$$

$$b \leq (a - t)$$

*otherwise*

# Conclusions

- Contact resistance can be modeled with COMSOL
- Preferential conduction at periphery of the contact circle
- The centre of contact of coated particle does not participate in current carrying
- The coated particle is electrically more immune from contamination at the bond
- Bonding with force, heat generation etc., can be modeled using multiphysics now
- Helps understand the electrical behavior of ACFs